

MENDELEY

Using
Mendeley
as Citation
Tool

TUTORIAL MENDELEY

Apa itu Mendeley ?

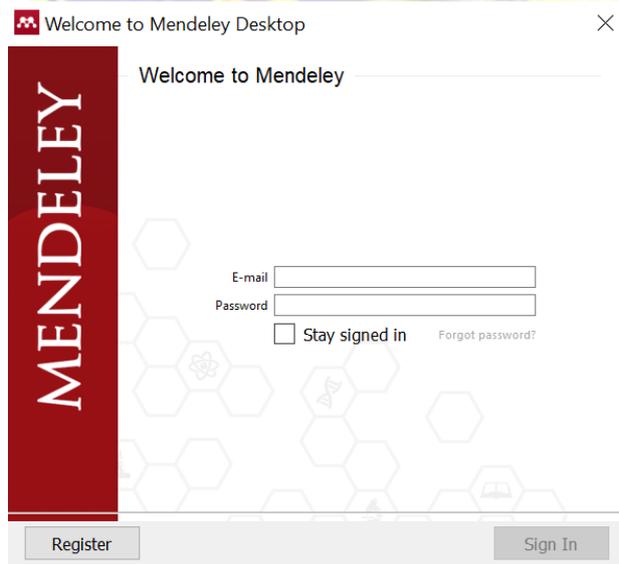
Mendeley merupakan salah satu aplikasi yang digunakan untuk mempermudah dalam membuat citasi/sumber (di bagian bab dan daftar pustaka) secara otomatis. Mendeley dapat digunakan sebagai perpustakaan digital pribadi yang bisa diakses secara online.

Kelebihan :

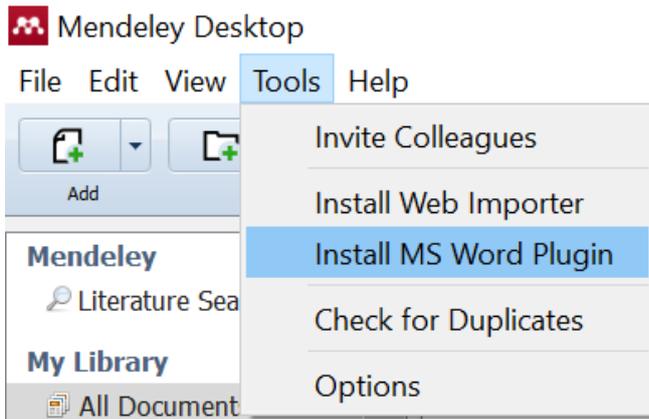
1. Dapat dijalankan pada Ms. Word, Mac, dan Linux
2. Menampilkan metadara dari sebuah file yang diupload secara otomatis
3. Smart filtering dan tagging
4. Support pada sistem Android dan IOS
5. Bisa dioperasikan secara offline

Cara Install

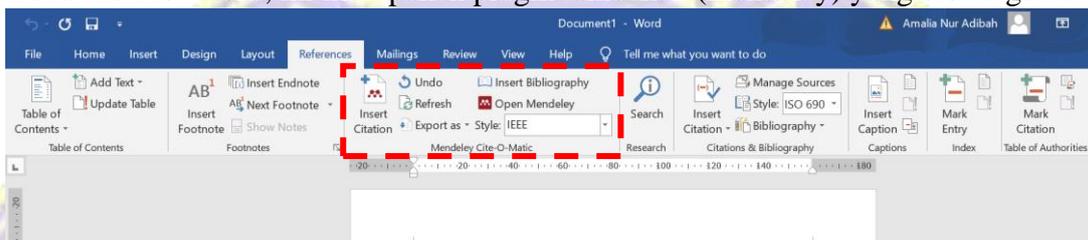
1. Akses ke www.mendeley.com/download-desktop-new/
2. Klik download mendeley desktop for Windows /Mac/Linux
3. Install master mendeley desktop yang sudah ter download
4. Klik (buka) aplikasi mendeley desktop yang sudah ter install
5. Klik register untuk membuat akun di mendeley, lakukan proses selanjutnya sampai tahapan registrasi selesai
6. Pada jendela awal mendeley, masukkan email dan password yang telah di buat saat registrasi



7. Install Ms Word Plugin (pastikan file Ms Word sudah tertutup semua). Klik 'tools', kemudian klik 'install ms word plugin'.

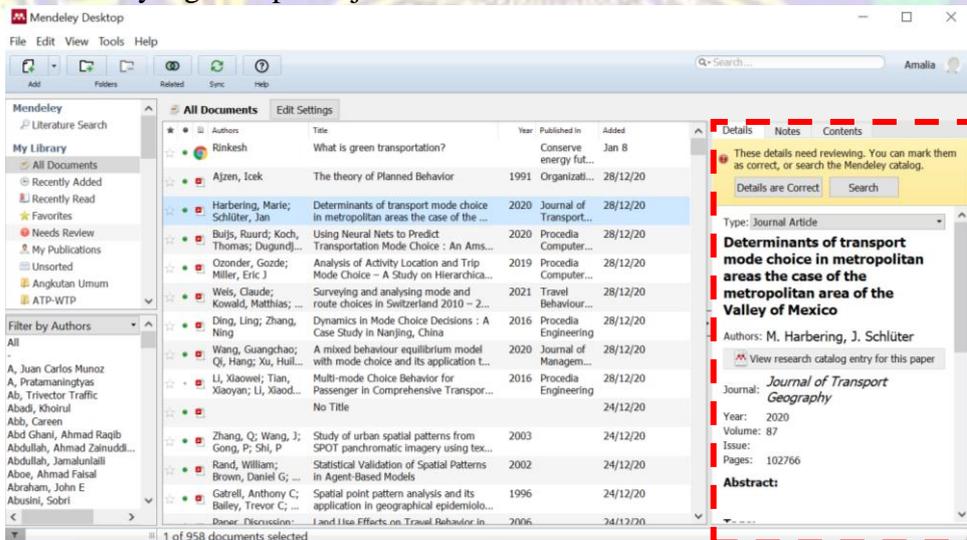


8. Buka file Ms. Word, ini merupakan plugin tambahan (mendeley) yang bisa digunakan.



Cara Mengoperasikan Mendeley Desktop

1. Download referensi yang sesuai (bisa jurnal, proceeding, dll).
2. Upload jurnal yang sudah didownload ke mendeley, klik copy pada file yang akan dipilih, dan paste ke mendeley desktop
3. Setelah mengupload file ke mendeley, pastikan details metadata sudah sesuai dengan informasi yang terdapat di jurnal



4. Double klik pada jurnal yang ingin di pastikan details nya

Journal of Transport Geography 87 (2020) 102766

Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

Journal of Transport Geography
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jtrangeo

Determinants of transport mode choice in metropolitan areas the case of the metropolitan area of the Valley of Mexico

Marie Harbering^a, Jan Schlüter^{b,*}

^a Chair of Statistics, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany
^b NGM, Department of Dynamics of Complex Fluids, Max-Planck-Institute for Dynamics and Self-Organization, Göttingen, Germany

ARTICLE INFO

Keywords:
Mode choice
Mexico
Metropolitan area
Mass rapid transit
Travel behaviour
Encuesta Origen Destino

ABSTRACT

The following paper examines the determinants of transport mode choice for trips in the Metropolitan Area of the Mexican Valley. Using a data set from the Mexican household travel survey (Encuesta Origen - Destino) conducted in 2017 and multinomial logistic regression, the influence of transportation supply, spatial characteristics and socio-economic factors on individual mode choice is estimated. To our knowledge, this is the first analysis of mobility behaviour in the Metropolitan Area of the Mexican Valley with this newly developed data set.

The main findings show that a better Mass Rapid Transit infrastructure is not consistently positively associated with the likelihood of using this service. While a better road infrastructure is promoting the use of Mass Rapid Transit services over driving, it is negatively linked with the likelihood of walking and bicycling. These slow modes are mainly interfered with the distance to the city centre: the further away from the centre, the

Details | Notes | Contents

These details need reviewing. You can mark them as correct, or search the Mendeley catalog.

Details are Correct | Search

Type: Journal Article

Determinants of transport mode choice in metropolitan areas the case of the metropolitan area of the Valley of Mexico

Authors: M. Harbering, J. Schlüter

View research catalog entry for this paper

Journal: *Journal of Transport Geography*

Year: 2020
Volume: 87
Issue:
Pages: 102766

Abstract:

5. Cek type dari referensi yang dimasukkan, pilih type yang sesuai dengan format referensi yang di upload

Journal of Transport Geography 87 (2020) 102766

Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

Journal of Transport Geography
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jtrangeo

Determinants of transport mode choice in metropolitan areas the case of the metropolitan area of the Valley of Mexico

Marie Harbering^a, Jan Schlüter^{b,*}

^a Chair of Statistics, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany
^b NGM, Department of Dynamics of Complex Fluids, Max-Planck-Institute for Dynamics and Self-Organization, Göttingen, Germany

ARTICLE INFO

Keywords:
Mode choice
Mexico
Metropolitan area
Mass rapid transit
Travel behaviour
Encuesta Origen Destino

ABSTRACT

The following paper examines the determinants of transport mode choice for trips in the Metropolitan Area of the Mexican Valley. Using a data set from the Mexican household travel survey (Encuesta Origen - Destino) conducted in 2017 and multinomial logistic regression, the influence of transportation supply, spatial characteristics and socio-economic factors on individual mode choice is estimated. To our knowledge, this is the first analysis of mobility behaviour in the Metropolitan Area of the Mexican Valley with this newly developed data set.

The main findings show that a better Mass Rapid Transit infrastructure is not consistently positively associated with the likelihood of using this service. While a better road infrastructure is promoting the use of Mass Rapid Transit services over driving, it is negatively linked with the likelihood of walking and bicycling. These slow modes are mainly interfered with the distance to the city centre: the further away from the centre, the

Details | Notes | Contents

These details need reviewing. You can mark them as correct, or search the Mendeley catalog.

Details are Correct | Search

Type: Journal Article

Computer Program
Conference Proceedings
Encyclopedia Article
Film
Generic
Hearing
Journal Article
Magazine Article
Newspaper Article
Patent

View research catalog entry for this paper

Journal: *Journal of Transport Geography*

Year: 2020
Volume: 87
Issue:
Pages: 102766

Abstract:

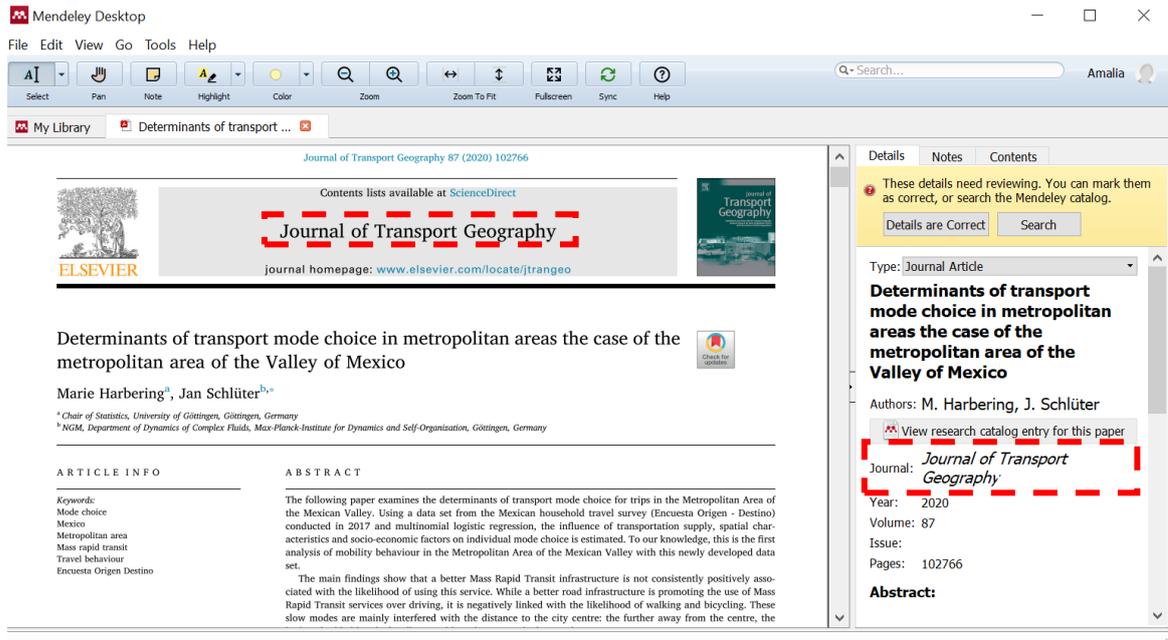
6. Cek penulisan judul referensi. Pastikan penulisan judul pada details sudah sama dengan penulisan judul pada referensi

The screenshot shows the Mendeley Desktop interface. The main window displays a journal article page from 'Journal of Transport Geography 87 (2020) 102766'. The article title is 'Determinants of transport mode choice in metropolitan areas the case of the metropolitan area of the Valley of Mexico'. The authors are listed as Marie Harbering^a and Jan Schlüter^{b,*}. The article information section includes keywords like 'Mode choice', 'Mexico', and 'Metropolitan area'. The abstract discusses the determinants of transport mode choice for trips in the Metropolitan Area of the Mexican Valley. On the right side, the 'Details' panel shows the article type as 'Journal Article' and provides a summary of the article's content, including the title and authors. A yellow warning box at the top of the details panel indicates that the details need reviewing.

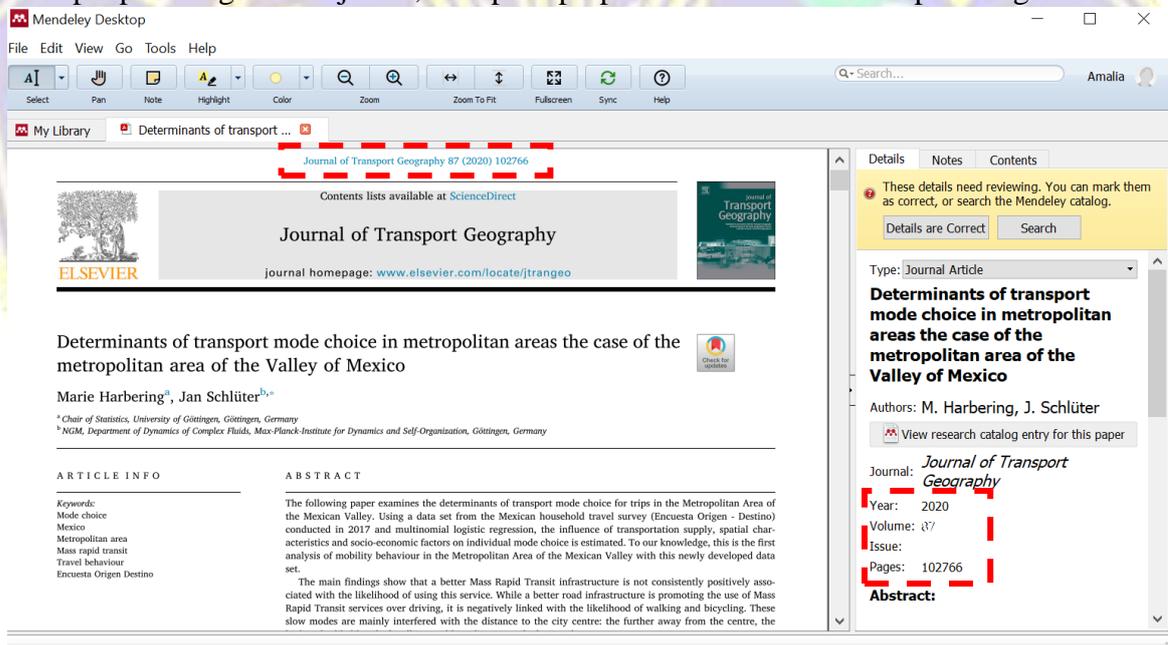
7. Cek penulisan author. Pastikan penulisan nama author dan jumlah penulis sesuai dengan referensi yang diupload

This screenshot is similar to the one above, but with red dashed boxes highlighting the author names in the 'Details' panel. The authors listed are 'Harbering, Marie' and 'Schlüter, Jan'. The 'Details' panel also shows the journal name 'Journal of Transport Geography', the year '2020', volume '87', and pages '102766'. The yellow warning box at the top of the details panel is still present.

8. Cek penulisan kelompok jurnal. Biasanya informasi terkait kelompok jurnal terdapat pada bagian atas jurnal, atau pada perpindahan antar halaman pada bagian bawah



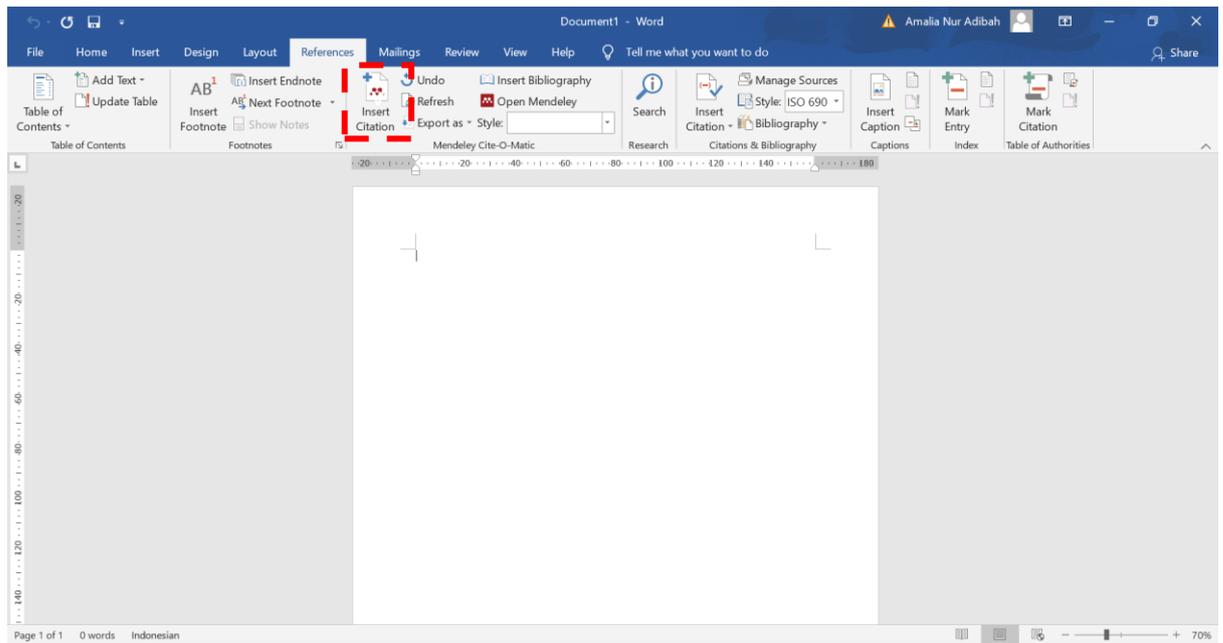
9. Cek penulisan tahun penerbitan, volume, issue, dan pages jurnal. Biasanya informasi ini terdapat pada bagian atas jurnal, atau pada perpindahan antar halaman pada bagian bawah



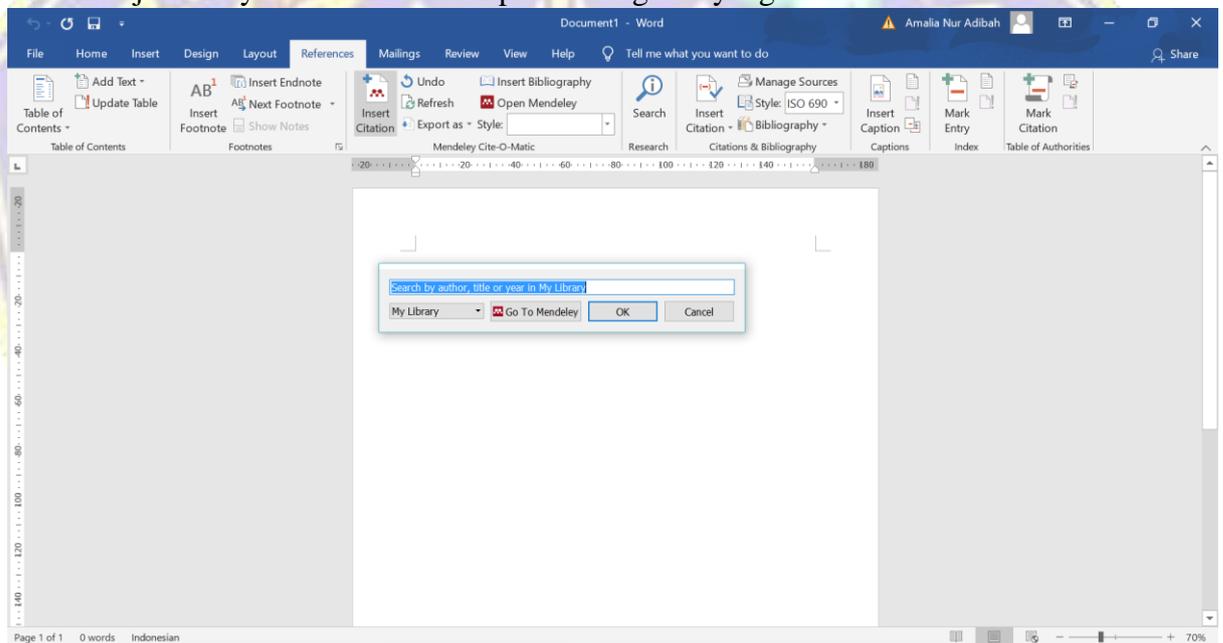
10. Lakukan langkah no 4 sampai 9 pada semua referensi yang diupload di mendeley

Cara Menuliskan Citasi (sumber) pada Ms Word

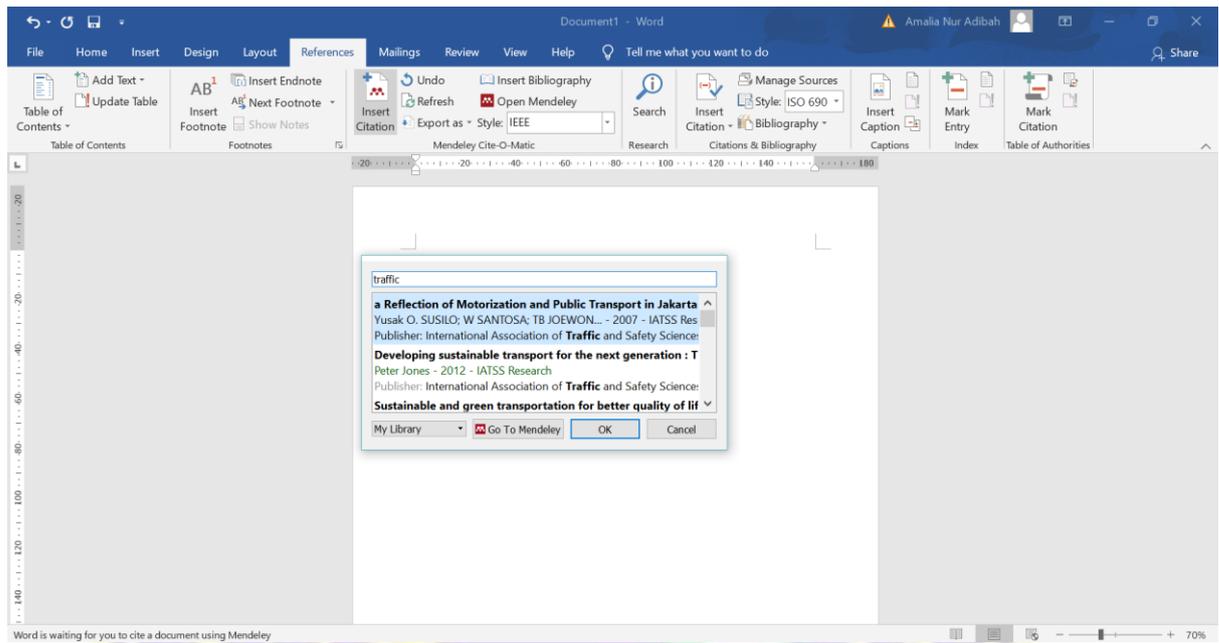
1. Penulisan citasi/sumber biasa diletakkan di akhir kalimat atau paragraf.
2. Setelah menulis suatu kalimat atau paragraf, klik reference, kemudian insert citation



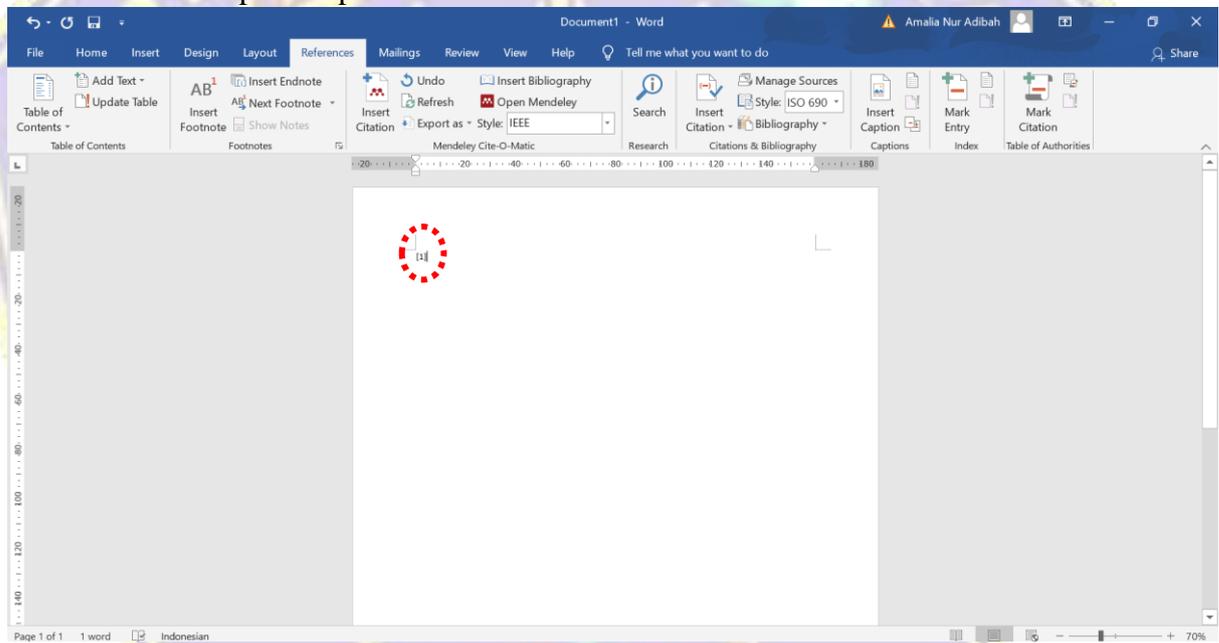
3. Ketikkan judul/keyword/nama author pada dialog box yang muncul



4. Pilih referensi yang dimaksud, setelah itu klik OK

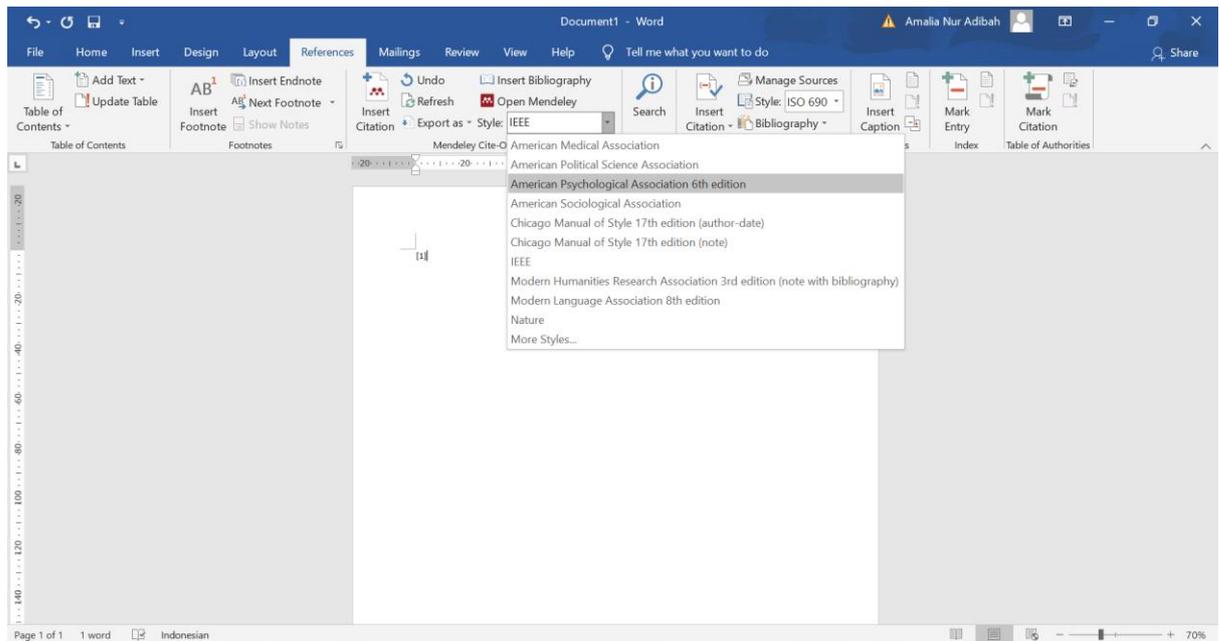


5. Akan muncul tampilan seperti berikut

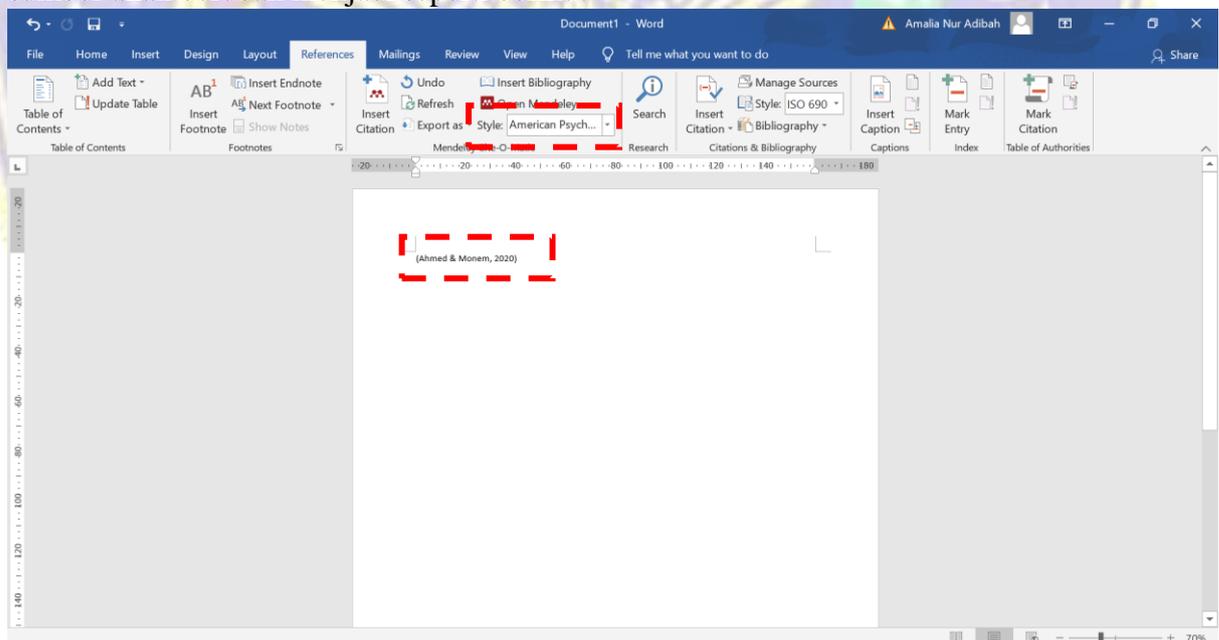


Bentuk tampilan seperti itu dikarenakan style penulisan sumber.

6. Pilih style penulisan sumber yang diinginkan

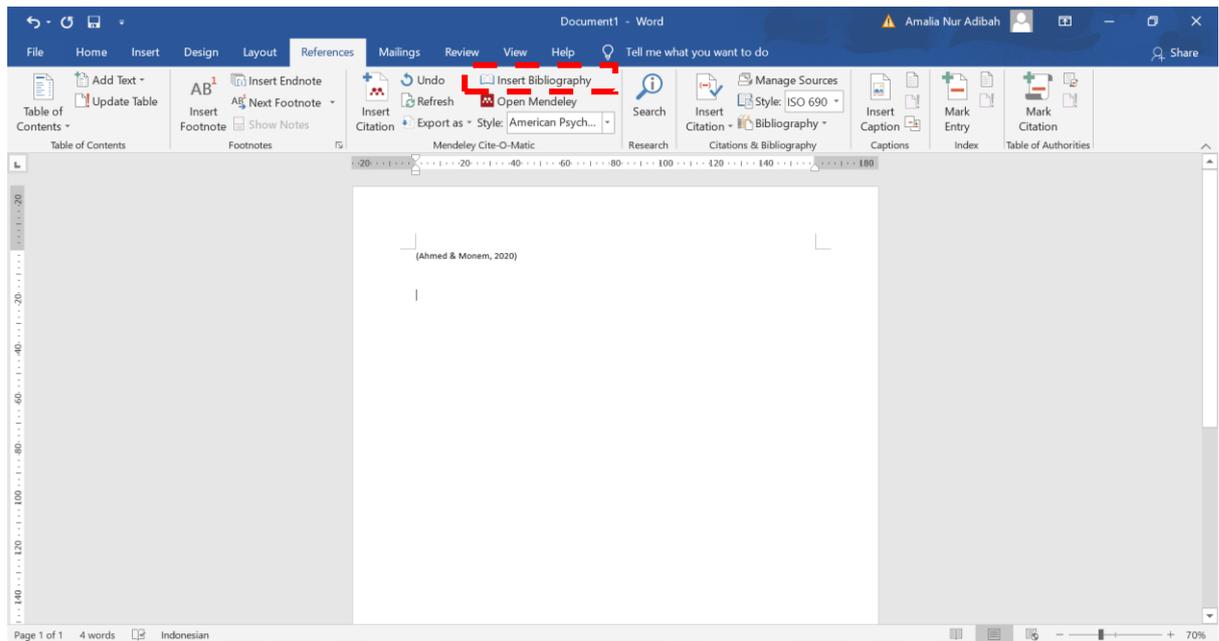


7. Style penulisan yang biasa digunakan adalah APA style (American Psychological Association 6th edition) dan IEEE
8. Jika memilih American Psychological Association 6th edition, maka tampilan penulisan sumber akan berubah menjadi seperti berikut

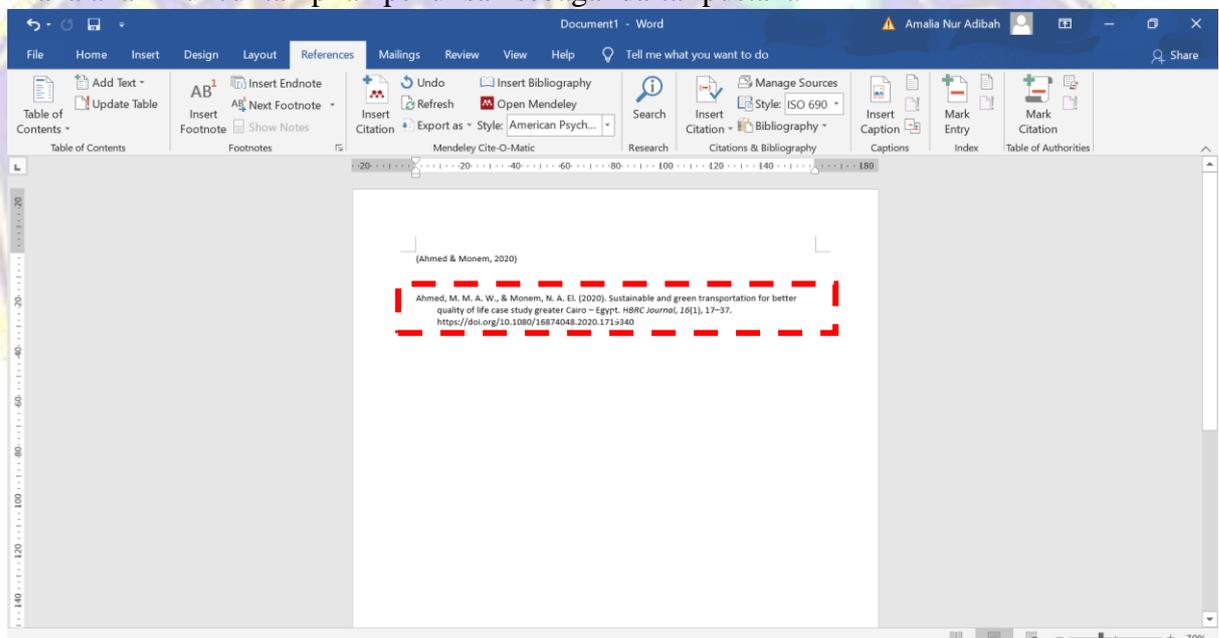


Cara Membuat Daftar Pustaka secara Otomatis

1. Letakkan kursor pada halaman akhir dari suatu bab yang sudah selesai ditulis.
2. Pilih 'reference', kemudian klik 'insert bibliography'



3. Maka akan muncul tampilan penulisan sebagai daftar pustaka



4. Untuk membuat daftar pustaka secara keseluruhan, lakukan insert bibliography pada setiap bab, lalu dapat dijadikan satu pada bab daftar pustaka.

Tips

Untuk mengupdate file secara otomatis :

1. Pilih watch folder pada menu file
2. Pilih folder yang akan di update otomatis (misal download → referensi)
3. Klik OK